COOPERATION AMONG OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES IN THE SOCIAL ASSISTANCE FIELD

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THE AIMS OF THE PRESENTATION

- To Produce Awareness,

- Emphasize the importance of the Subject,

- To Seek and Analysis the Potential For Cooperation
Economic Reasons and Consequences with Poverty

- Low per capita income
- Rapid population growth
- Low level of saving
- Low level of demand
- Low productivity
- Low levels of investment in physical and human capital
Social Problems and Poverty

Interrelationship between disadvantage indicators
Illustrative example

- Unemployment
- Mental health issues
- Homelessness
- Drug use
- Relationship breakdown
- Criminal behaviour
- Interaction with justice system

Cycle of disadvantage
Environment and Poverty

Diagram:
- Poverty
- Dwindling resources divided among more people
- Overusing resources for survival
- High fertility
- Environmental degradation
- Lack of contraceptives
- More "little hands" needed to help the family in a depleted environment. Illiteracy
Disability and Poverty

- Disability
  - Further isolation in society
  - Disability
    - Social and cultural exclusion and stigma
    - Denial of opportunities for economic, social, and human development
    - Getting more poor and powerless
  - Vulnerability to poverty and ill health
    - Reduced participation in decision-making and denial of civil and political rights
- Poverty
  - Each cause reinforces the other
  - Deficits in economic, social, and cultural rights

The MEDICAL MODEL of Disability perpetuates...
Disability and Poverty

The MEDICAL MODEL of Disability perpetuates:

- Disability
- Poverty

Each cause reinforces the other.

Getting more powerless:
- Social and cultural exclusion and stigma
- Reduced participation in decision-making and denial of civil and political rights
- Denial of opportunities for economic, social and human development
- Deficits in economic, social and cultural rights

Vulnerability to poverty and ill health:

Further isolation in society:

The MEDICAL MODEL of Disability perpetuate
Psychology and Poverty

- Poverty causes stress (financial insecurity, low self-esteem)
- Stress reduces memory capacity
- Reduced memory capacity makes it harder to learn and to obtain a good education
- Absence of good education makes it harder to escape poverty
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Globalisation Era is Required Cooperation and Interaction

- **The value of trade** (goods and services) as a percentage of world GDP increased from 42.1 percent in 1980 to 62.1 percent in 2007.

- **Foreign direct investment** increased from 6.5 percent of world GDP in 1980 to 31.8 percent in 2006.

- **The stock of international claims** (primarily bank loans), as a percentage of world GDP, increased from roughly 10 percent in 1980 to 48 percent in 2006.

- **The number of minutes spent on cross-border telephone calls**, on a per-capita basis, increased from 7.3 in 1991 to 28.8 in 2006.

- **The number of foreign workers** has increased from 78 million people (2.4 percent of the world population) in 1965 to 191 million people (3.0 percent of the world population) in 2005.
GLOBAL INTERACTION IN GLOBALISATION ERA
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION IN OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES - I
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION IN OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES - II

GDP Density

GDP per square kilometer
- $0 - 499
- $500 - 1,099
- $1,100 - 2,999
- $3,000 - 8,099
- $8,100 - 21,199
- $22,000 - 69,999
- $60,000 - 162,999
- $163,000 - 441,999
- $442,000 - 546,000,000
- No Data
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION IN OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES - III

Total expenditure on health per capita, 2006
(in US$)
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SITUATION IN OIC MEMBER COUNTRIES- IV
SOCI-CULTUREL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN WEST AND OIC COUNTRIES-I

- Civilization, Religious and Geographical Factors
  - Social reactions against poverty

- Social Assistance and socio-culturel factors
  - One-parent families
  - Solidarity and Charity
  - Divorce Rates
### Highest Divorce Rates Countries in the World

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Countries</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># 1</td>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>59.8 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># 2</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>53.9 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># 3</td>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>53.7 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># 4</td>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>53.2 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 5</td>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>49.9 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># 6</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>49.8 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<td># 7</td>
<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>48 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<td># 8</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>47.1 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<td># 9</td>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>46 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<td># 10</td>
<td>Norway</td>
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<td># 12</td>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>37.5 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 13</td>
<td>Slovakia</td>
<td>35.8 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 14</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>33.1 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 15</td>
<td>Iceland</td>
<td>30.7 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 16</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td>30 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 17</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>26.4 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 18</td>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>20.3 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 19</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>15.4 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
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<tr>
<td># 20</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>7.4 divorces per 100 marriag</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Weighted average:** 38.9 divorces per 100 marriag
Illegitimate Birth Rates and Single Mother Families in The West

- Illegitimate birth rates in US and Europe are respectively 40% and 37% (US National Center For Health Statistics, 2009; Eurostat, 2010).
- 90% of all homeless came from Single Mother Homes.
- 50% of single mothers are below the poverty line, their children are 6 times more likely to be in poverty than children with married parents in the West.
Single Mother Families’ Children

- 63% of all youth suicides,
- 70% of all teen pregnancies, (86% of American teen births are illegitimate)
- 71% of all adolescent chemical/substance abusers,
- 80% of all prison inmates, and
- 90% of all homeless and runaway children in the West Came From Single Mother Homes.
WEAKNESS OF COOPERATION AMONG OIC COUNTRIES

- OIC MEMBERS SPREAD OVER TOO WIDE GEOGRAPHIC AREA
- NOT VERY HOMOGENEOUS ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT LEVELS AMONG MEMBERS
STRENGTHS OF COOPERATION AMONG OIC COUNTRIES

- LIVING IN A GLOBAL ERA
- BEING MEMBER OF THE SAME CIVILIZATION
THREATS FOR COOPERATION AMONG OIC COUNTRIES

• HAVING DIFFERENT PRIORITIES FOR SOCIAL POLICIES

• FAILURE TO PROVIDE CONTINUITY OF COOPERATION
OPPORTUNITIES FOR COOPERATION AMONG OIC COUNTRIES

- HAVING DIFFERENT DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC LEVELS SUIT FOR COOPERATION
- USING EFFECTIVE CULTURE OF CHARITY (ALMS)
CONCLUSION

- Poverty and social underdevelopment are the common problems for OIC countries,

- OIC countries relations and interaction levels are not satisfied,

- OIC countries have a huge potential for cooperation and it can be developed
THANK YOU